

Amendments to the Specification

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 6, line 11 with the following amended paragraph:

Surrounding the cylindrical surface 240 is a cylindrically shaped cathode 230 that is coaxial with the cylindrical surface 240. This arrangement is maintained by means of rigid radial rods 270. The cathode 230 is formed from a second metal, and preferably has a mesh-like structure. The cathode 230 is connected to the second terminal 265 of the power supply 235 ~~[[135]]~~. ~~[[The]]~~

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 7, line 15 with the following amended paragraph:

As shown in FIG. 7, the device-balloon combination 308 may first be delivered to the body cavity with the balloon 301 deflated, by means of an applicator 720 to be described below in detail (FIG. 7a). Following release of the device-balloon combination 308 from the applicator 720 into the cavity, the balloon 301 is filled with fluid 724 from the syringe 507 (FIG. ~~[[4b]]~~ 7B). Alternatively, as shown in FIG. 8a, the balloon 301 of the device-balloon combination 308 may be filled with a compressible fluid. The balloon 301 is then compressed before being inserted into the bladder by means of an applicator 820. ~~The device-balloon~~ device-balloon combination 308 with the pre-filled balloon is clutched by the flanges 823 which are initially kept closed by constraining sleeve 826 (FIG. ~~[[5a]]~~ 8A). After insertion of the applicator 820 with the device-balloon combination 308 into the body cavity, ring 825 is pulled as indicated by arrow 121 in FIG. 8b to urge the constraining sleeve 826 away from the flanges 823, allowing flanges 823 to open and release the device-balloon combination 308 with the pre-filled balloon 301 into the body cavity.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 8, line 18 with the following amended paragraph:

The retrieval device 930 is inserted into the body cavity. After opening the flanges 831 of the retrieval device, the engaging probe 932 with magnetizable portion 929 in its tip is inserted into the body cavity so as to engage a magnet 903 associated with either the device 200 or the balloon 301. The probe 932 is then pulled so as to bring the balloon 301 into the grip of flanges 831 of the retrieval device 930. A piercer 933 is inserted into the balloon 301 to drain the fluid 724 contained in its lumen 304 into an attached syringe (not shown) or into the body cavity. The retrieval device 930 is then withdrawn from the individual together with the device 200 and the deflated balloon 301.